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CHAPTER IX. The young man of the caravan was now thoroughly convenced that one of two things must be tone; either that William Jones had hen metra ted to keep a watch upon him, or that be William Jones, had a secret of some art which he was anxious not to have reveniel. After both suppositions had been duk wolched, the second was accepted as the most likely, and it forthwith received the

young nanon maideration. If there was a secret, he argued, it was in some way connected-firstly, with William Jones' worldly presperity; secondly, with the reports current of treasure hidden in times past among the sandhills or the dangerous raver no of the sea. Was it possible, after all, that the reports were true, and that in ame mysteries manner Jones had become acquaint of with the hiding-place! It seemed very improbable for many reasons, one of the chief being the man's extreme poverty, which appeared to touch the very edge of

sheer starvation. A little inquiry in the neighborhood, however, cheited the information that Jones, degite his abject penury, was certainly well-toand had money in the bank of the neighbeing market town; that the ruined village of Alergiya belonged almost entirely to him: and that, in short, he was by nature and habit a miserly person, who would prefer hearding up whatever he possessed to purchasing with it the commonest necessaries of

An old coastguard, whom Brinkley found pext day on the station, was his chief in-

"Don't you believe him, sir," said this old, salt, "if he tells you he's poor. He's a shark. William Joses is, and couldn't own up even to his own father. It's my belief he's got gold hid bu somewheres among them sandhills, let alone what he's got in the savings bank. Ah, he's an artful one, is William

Brinkley had said nothing of his own prirate suspicious, but had merely introduced in a general way the subject of Jones' worldly position. Further conversation with Tim, who had made a few straggling acquaintances in the district, corroborated the other testimong. The young man became more and more convinced that William Jones was

Matt had not turned up that morning. Instead of looking after her Brinkley took another stroll toward the vicinity of the Devil's Caldron. He had not gone far before he discovered that he was watched again. The figure of William Jones followed in the distance, but keeping him well in view.

It was certainly curious, He walked over to the cliffs and looked down at the scene of yesterday's bathing adrenture. A strong wind was blowing, and the waves were surging up the rocks with deafening roar and foamy spame. The place looked very ugly, particularly near the Caldren. All the passage was churned to milky white, and the sound from beneath was, to quote an old simile, like the roar of

Haglanced over his shoulder and saw the head of William Jones eagerly watching, the asly being hidden behind an intervening

"Strange" he reflected. "My predstory friend can't keep his treasure, if he possesses my down in that watery gulf. Yet whenwer I come near it his manner tells me that fam 'warm,' as they say in the game of hide

To lest the matter a little further, he set off malrisk walk along the cliffs, leaving the pected, that he was no longer followed. Returning as he came, and resuming his old position, he saw William Jones immediately

That day he discovered no clew to the mystery, nor the next, nor the next again, bough on each day he went through a similar erformance. Strange to say, Matt had not put in an appearance, and for reasons of his we he had thought it better not to seek her. On the morning of the third day-a dark, hally morning, after a night of rain-Tim but his head into the Caravan, where his master was scated at his easel, and grinned

"Mr. Charles! She's come, sor!" "Who the deuce has come?" cried Brink-

"The lady, your honor, to have her picture taken. Will I show her into the parlor?" But as he spoke Matt pushed him aside and entered. She wore her best clothes but looked a little pale and anxious, Brinkley thought, greeting her with a familiar nod. "So you've come at last? Tim, get out, you rascal. I thought you had given me

He assumed a coldness, though he felt it not, for he had made up his mind not to "encourage" the young person. "I couldn't come before—they wouldn't let

me. But last night William Jones he didn't come home, and I broke open the box and took out my clothes, and ran straight off Her face fell as she proceeded, for she could

not fail to notice the coolness of the young "Well, since you have come we'll get to work," said Brinkley. "It's chilly and damp

outside, so we'll remain here in shelter." Matt took off her hat, and then proceeded to divest herself of her coarse jacket, revealing for the first time the low-necked silk dress beneath: Meantime the young man · placed the sketch in position. Turning presently, he beheld Matt's transformation.

Old and shabby as the dress was, torn here and there, and revealing beneath glimpses of marse stockings and clumsy boots, it became her wonderfully. As a result of much Johnhang with soap and water her face shone again, and her arms and neck were white ag long, shambling girl, but a tall, bright, resplendent young lady.

his admiration. Matt's arms alone were enough to make a painter wild with delight. "Why Matt, you look positively magnificent. I had no idea you were so pretty." The girl blushed with pleasure.

The young man worked away for a good hour and a half, at the end of which time he put the finishing touch to the sketch. "Finis coronat opus!" he cried. "Look,

Matt examined the picture with uncon-cealed delight. It was herself, a little idealhad, but quite characteristic, and altogether

"May I take it home?" she asked, eagerly. "I'll get you to leave it a few days longer. I must get a frame for it, Matt, and then you shall have it all complete. Now, let me look at you again," he said, taking her by both hands and looking up at her sunny face.
"Are you pleased! Will you take care of the picture for the painter's sake?"

Matt's answer was embarrassing. She quietly sat down on his knee, and gave him a amacking kiss. "Matt! Matt!" he cried. "You mustn't."

But she put her warm arm round his neck, and rested her cheek against his shoulder. "I should like to have pretty druses and fold bracelets and things, and to go away from The Jones and to stay with you." "My dear," said Brinkley, laughing, "you muldn't. It wouldn't be proper."

"Why not?' asked Matt, simply. "The world is censorious, little one. I am young man; you are a young lady. We hall have to shake hands soon and say goodby. There, there," he continued, seeing her yes fill with tears, "I'm not gone yet. I shall stay as long as I can, only-really-you hust look upon me as quite an old fellow. mawfully old, you know, compared to you." He gently disengaged himself, and Matt sat lown on a campstool close by. Her face had prown very wistful and sad.

Mart," be said, anxious to change the sublect, "tell me something more about William "I hate William Jones. I hate everybody-

"Yes, I do." "Well, I feel greatly flattered. But about the gentle Jones! You say he was out all last Matt nodded.

"He goes out nigh every night," she said, "and often don't come home till morning. Sometimes he finds things and brings 'em. He finds bits o' gold, and old ropes, and bottles o' rum." "Very odd. Where!"

"He don't tell; I know." "I wish you'd tell me, Matt. Do. I have a particular reason for wanting the informa-

Matt besitated. "You won't say I told? William Jones would be downright wild, he would."

"I'll keep the secret faithfully. Now?" Thus urged, Matt informed her friend that on two occasions, out of curiosity, she had followed her guardian on his nightly pil-grimages, and watched him go in the directien of the Devil's Caldron. On both occasions the night was very dark. On getting clear of the coastguard station, and among the sandhills, Jones had lighted a lantern which he carried. Trembling and afraid, she had followed the light along the chills, then out among the sandhills. But all at once the light and its bearer had disappeared into the solid earth, leaving her to find her way home

The explanation of all this was, in Matt's opinion, very simple. William Jones was a bad man, and went to "visit the fairies." "Yes," she cried, "and every time he goes the fairies give him summat, and he brings

it home." "Each time you followed him," asked Brinkley, thoughtfully, "he disappeared at about the same place?"

"Yes," said Matt; "and the light and him sunk right down and never come up again." The result of the information thus communicated was to leave the young man of the caravan far more curious than ever. He determined to turn the tables on William Jones, and to watch his movements, not in the daytime, but during the summer night, waiting for his appearance in the immediate neighborhood of the Devil's Caldron.

The first night he saw nothing-it was stormy, with wild gusts of rain. The second night was equally uneventful. Nothing daunted, he went for a third and last time, and lay in the moonlight on the cliffs, looking toward the village.

The night was dark and cloudy, but from time to time the moon came out with sudden brilliance on the sea, which was gently stirred by a breeze from the land. He waited for several hours. About mid-

night he rose to go home. As he did so he was startled by the sound of oars, and, lying down, perceived a small boat approaching on a silver patch of moonlit sea. The occupant of the hoat was a solitary man. It approached rapidly, making direct for

the Devil's Caldron. Lying down on his face and peeping over, Brinkley saw it stop short just outside the foaming passage, while the man stood up, stooped, lifted something heavy from the bottom, and threw it overboard. Then, after watching for a moment a dark object which drifted shoreward, right into the Caldron, he rowed away until he reached a sheltered creek close to the scene of the swimming adventure. Here he ran the boat ashore and leaped out.

The next minute Brinkley heard him coming up the cliffs.

Trembling with excitement he lay down flat on his face and waited. Presently the man emerged on the top of the cliffs, within a few yards of Brinkley's hiding-place, Just then the moon flashed brightly out, and Brinkley recognized him!

ling from his left wrist a horn lantern. He looked round once or twice and then hurried toward the sandhills. Brinkley followed stealthily. The moon now went in, and it became pitch dark. Presently Jones paused, set down his load, and lit the lantern;

For fifty or sixty yards a coarse carpet of greensward covered the cliffs; then the sandhills began. Passing over the first sandhill, Jones disappeared. Quick as thought the young man followed, and, peering over, saw the light in the hollow beneath; it rose higher and higher till it reached the top of the next sandhill, where it paused. Crawling on hands and knees Brinkley slipped down into the

seemed to dive down into the solid earth and

[New York Cor. Cin. Enquirer.]

Greeley loved society, and the only reason why he was not more social was because he never had time. His life was an effort how to get the most out of a day, and this renmeet his friends, and if he could do no more than shake hands and exchange a half dozen visited him at Chappaqua on his Saturday vacations were always warmly welcomed, and when they left he stuffed their pockets with apples which cost him \$1 apiece, and perhaps more. The fame of this place eventually reached Paris, and when Whiteshow. Thus aftired, Matt looked no longer a 1 law Reid visited the French capital he found in a collection of pictures a full length portrait of Greeley as a farmer. Reil pur-

A Dog with a Mercantile Turn.

[Cor. London Spectator.]

Tunneling Tuscarora Mountain.

[Chicago Journal.] Fulton county, Pennsylvania, is a gigantic work. Drills, propelled by compressed air. are in operation on each end of the tunnel night and day. The tunnel is already bored 1.200 feet on the west side and 1,300 on the east. As the mountain is calculated to be just one mile through, the boring is now half completed.

heads brimful of truth.

(BY AUTHORITY)

CHAPTER CXLIL

corporation shall have the same rights therein as the charter members thereof.

2. And be it enacted. That the president and secretary of such corporation when elected as hereinafter provided, shall forthwith sign a certificate, and cause the same to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the county in which the same may be located; which certificate after being so recorded shall be filed, by the said president and secretary, in the office of the secretary of state; and the said certificate, or a copy thereof, duly certified by said county clerk or by the secretary of state, shall be evidence in all courts, and such certificate in writing shall set forth the election of the representatives aushall set forth the election of the representatives au-thorized to organize such corporation, the election, by such representatives of a board of officers and a board of visitors or trustees, giving their names and official designations, the corporate name assumed and chosen to designate such corporation, the loca-tion of such corporation, and a reference to this act;

The Greeley Family.

The death of Marguerite Cleveland removes the most gifted of the Greeley circle. She was a niece of the famous editor, and had rare musical talent. The Greeley plot in Greenwood now contains the graves of Ida, to which is now added that of Marchanged within a few years! While Greeley was alive Chappaqua was kept lively with tude, and though Gabrielle retains the ownership, it has lost all attractions as a residence. Ida's children, with their father (Col. Nicholas Smith), and the entire circle of which the Greeleys were the center, is

now scattered. dered him curt to visitors, but he loved to words it seemed to do him good. Those who It was no use. Brinkley could not conceal | chased the picture, which now adorns the

tobacco shop.

The tunneling of Tuscarora mountain, in

Elberton (Ga.) Leader: It is an epothegm that ideas are of use only as they are practiced. Men may go to perdition with their

and chosen to designate such corporation, the location of such corporation, and a reference to this act; but, in case of a re-incorporation under this act, the said certificate shall instead thereof set forth the former incorporation, and the date thereof, the names and official designations of the officers of such corporation, and a reference to this act.

3. And be it enacted, That any and all associations, organized for the purposes intended by this act, whether incorporated or not, shall be reorganized and incorporated or reincorporated under the provisions of this act, except such corporations as may have been created or continued by any special act of the legislature of this state, which last mentioned corporations may, if they see fit, be reorganized and selections may, if they see fit, be reorganized and reincorporated under this act; and the president and secretary thereof, in case of such incorporation or reincorporation shall sign, record and file a certificate, as above provided, and the said association or corporation shall thereupon become and be a body politic and corporate in law, under and by virtue of this act, and shall have all the powers and privileges conferred by this act upon corporations formed under it, and no other powers or privileges whatsoever; and any corporation which shall be reorganized and reincorporated under this act shall succeed to and be seized of all the right, title and interest in any estate, real

hollow and then crept upward half-way up the mound; he found a large rock, behind which he crouched and peeped.

As he did so William Jones, light in hand,

the editor and his wife, also their daughter guerite Cleveland. How things have visitors. Now, however, it is a place of soli-

I was sitting one day in front of a shop in the old Etruscan city of Ferentino, Presently an ill-bred dog of the pointer kind came and sat down in front of me, looking up at my face and wagging his tail to attract my attention. "What does that dog want?" I asked. "Signore," he answered, "he wants you to give him a soldo to go and buy you a cigar with." I gave the dog the coin, and he presently returned, bringing a cigar, which he held crosswise in his mouth until I took it from him. Sent again and again, he brought me three or four eigars from the

At length the dog's demeanor changed, and he gave vent to his impatience by two or three low whines. "What does he want now?" I asked. "He wants you to give him 2 soldi to go to the baker's and buy bread for himself." I gave him a 2-soldo piece, and in a few minutes the dog returned with a small loaf of bread, which he laid at my feet, at the same time gazing wistfully in my face. "He wou't take it until you give him leave." I gave the requisite permission, and the animal seized the loaf and disappeared with it in his mouth. "He always does like this," said the stander-by, "whenever he sees a stranger in Ferentino."

Laws of New Jersey.

CHAPTER CXLII.

A Further Supplement to an act entitled "An act relative to sales of lands under a public statue or by virtue of any judicial payoceding." (Revision), approved March twenty seventh one thousand eight hundred and seventy four.

I. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey. That no sale of land heretofore made shall be invalidated by reason of the publication in a newspaper published on Sunday, of one of the two advertisements of such sale required by law to be published four weeks next before the time appointed for such sale in two newspapers printed and published in the county where the lands are situate; but such sale shall in all cases be held to be as valid and effectual as if both advertisements were made in newspapers published on week days; provided, that the advertisement of such sale shall have been in other respects according to law.

2. And be it enacted. That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved March SI, 1885 CHAPTER CXXIL An Act concerning firemen's relief associations.

Left enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey. That in the several cities, towns, boroughs, townships and fire districts in this state in which there now are or hereafter may be organized for and doing public fire duty one or more fire engine, hook and ladder, hose, or supply companies, or any fire association, or fire department or board of fire wardens, which said company or companies, association or department, or fire wardens shall be under the supervision or control of any common council, or township committee, or board of commissioners, or other governing board or body whatsoever, or any salvage corps (under supervision or control of any duly authorized board of underwriters), the members of which corps shall have been enlisted from among the active or exempt firemen, or any association of exempt firemen, it shall be lawful for the chief engineer, or, if there be no chief engineer, then the fire marshal, or, in case there, be neither, then the senior foreman, and for the president, if any, of such fire association or department, and all members of any board of fire wardens or board of trustees or engineers of such fire association or department, and all members of any sociation or department, and all members of any sociation of exempt firemen of such fire engine, hook and ladder, hose, or supply company or companies, or salvage corps, and all members of any association of exempt firemen's Relief Association, or any other name which shall indicate the object of such association using the name of the city, town, borough, township or fire district, to associate themselves together and become incorporated under and by the name of the city, town, borough, township or fire district, to associate themselves together and become and endered under and by the name of the city, town, borough, township or fire district, to associate themselves together with the same at pleasure and may be contertificate in the office of the clief of the county in which the same may be located, and the fili

munities which now are or hereafter may be conferred upon corporation's generally under any law of
this state; and the membership of such corpofation
shall consist, without any formal election thereto,
of the officers and members of such fire engine, hook
and ladder, hose and supply company or companies,
fire association or fire department, or board of fire
wardens, as shall be under the supervision or control of the common council, or township committeeor board of commissioners or other governing board
or boady of the city, town, borough, township or fire
district, also such of the officers and members of
any salvage corps (doing duty therein, being under
the supervision or control of a duly authorized board
of underwriters), as have been enlisted from among of underwriters), as have been enlisted from among the active or exempt firemen, also of the officers and members of any association therein of exempt fire-men; and the whole body of the membership of such corporation shall have the same rights therein as

It was William Jones, carrying on his shoul-ders something like a loaded sack, and dangall the right, title and interest in any estate, real personal or mixed, belonging to it under its former organization; and the representatives, visitors or trustees, and other officers of any association or cor poration reorganized and incorporated or reincorporated under this act shall continue to serve as such until the election following such reorganization, and until their successors are elected respectively, and not thereafter; and the membership thereof shall be subject to the same conditions and shall have the same rights as provided in the first section of this act in relation to the membership of corporations formed under it; and, if any such association or corporation shall not be reorganized and incorporated or rein corporated under this act, within one year after this

corporated under this act, within one year after this act shall take effect, the same shall thereupon and thereafter be deemed and held to have forfeited its charter, any law to the contray notwithstanding.

4. And be it enacted, That there shall not hereafter be more than one firemen's relief association or other association organized for the purposes intended by this act, in any city, town, borough, township, or fire district, except in the case of a city, town, borough or fire district being or having been set off or incorporated within the bounds of any township, in which case such an association may be organized in such city, town, borough or fire district, and one in the remaining portion of such township, or one in each of city, town, borough or fire district, and one in the remaining portion of such township, or one in each of the fire districts in such township.

5. And be it enacted, That in case two or more such associations shall exist, at the time this act shall take effect, in any city, town, borough, township, or remaining portion of any township as aforesaid, or in any fire district, the charters of each and all of such associations shall forthwith be and the same hereby are repealed any law to the contrary notwithstand associations shall forthwith be and the same hereby are repealed, any law to the contrary notwithstanding, and one fireman's relief association may be organized therein under the provisions of this act.

6. And be it enacted, That in case, by virtue of any of the provisions of this act, or otherwise howsoever, any of the above mentioned associations may forfeit its charter, or such charter may be repealed or expire by limitation, or such association be dissolved, or in any writes howsoever, any person or persons of by limitation, or such association be dissolved, or in case, in anywise howsoever, any person or persons or association or corporation shall have in possession or charge any moneys derived from any source what ever, for the relief of indigent or disabled firemen, or any balance thereof, or any property purchased therewith, or any securities in which the same may have with, or any securities in which the same hay have been invested, or if any person or persons or associa-tion or corporation may be indebted for the loan or deposite of such moneys, other than the duly incor-porated firemen's relief associations allowed by thi act, or the treasurers thereof, then and thereafter,

act, or the treasurers thereof, then and thereafter, upon the legal organization and incorporation here under of a firemen's relief association in such city, town, borough, township, or remaining portion of a township as aforesaid, or fire district, there shall forthwith be paid over, assigned and conveyed, to such new corporation, any money, accounts payable, property and securities remaining in possession or charge of such old association or corporation, or of any person or persons or association or corporation. charge of such old association or corporation, or of any person or persons, or association or corporation whatever, for its use or otherwise, or any money property or securities to which it may be entitled, at law or in equity derived as aforesaid, and an account shall be given therewith of all moneys theretofore had and received by it or them, from the sources aforesaid, and of the disposition thereof, and all such moneys expended by it or them, other than for the benefit of indigent or disabled firemen or their families, shall also be paid over to such new corporation on demand.

7. And be it enacted. That each and every corpora-And be it enacted, That each and every corpora tion, incorporated or reincorporated under this act, shall have authority, through its representatives to make, adopt and use, and from time to time to alter amend or change, such constitution or by-laws, or both, and such rules, for its government, and the

poin, and such rules. For his government, and the regulation of its affairs, and the disposition and man agement of its funds and property, as shall seem to said representatives to be right and proper; provided, that the same shall not be inconsistent with the constitution or laws of the United States, or of this state, and especially with the provisions of this act.

8. And be it enacted, That on or before the second Monday in December, in every year, each fire engine, hook and ladder, hose and supply company, and the board of trustees or engineers of any fire association or department, and any board of fire wardens, which company or companies, fire association or department, and any board of fire wardens, which company or companies, fire association or department, or board of fire wardens, shall be under the supervision or control of any common council, or township committee, or board of commissioners, or other governing board or body whatsoever, and each salvage, corps (under supervision or control of any duly authorized board of underwriters), subject to the conditions aforesaid as to the members thereof, and which company or companies, fire association or department, aforesaid as to the members thereof, and which company or companies, fire association or department, board of fire wardens, or salvage corps shall be organized for and doing public fire or salvage duty, in any city, town, borough, township, or fire district in this state, shall choose not more than three representatives, and the exempt firemen's association, if any such there be, shall choose not more than three representatives, who, together with the president, if any, of such fire association or department, and the chief engineer, or, if there be no chief engineer, then the fire marshal, or, in case there be neither, then the senior foreman, shall constitute a board of representatives, and shall have and exercise all the powers and perform all the duties herein committed to them, and shall hold office for one year after the date of their election, and until their successors be chosen, and until their successors shall meet for the purpose of holding the annual election of officers, as herein after provided.

9. And be it enacted, That the said board of representatives, on or before the third Monday in Decem-

R. And be it enacted. That the said board of representatives, on or before the third Monday in December, in every year, shall elect, by ballot, from among their own number or otherwise, a president, vice president, treasurer, and a secretary (who shall be the board of officers of the corporation), and not more than five members of a board of visitors or trustees; except that, at the first election, after such incorporation or reincorporation, there shall be elected not less than three nor more than fifteen visitors or trustees, who shall then be divided, by said representatives, by lot into three classes, of not more than five persons each, those of the first class te hold office for one year after the date of their election; those of the second class to hold office for two years after the date of their election; so that one class shall go out of office each year, and that, in each year after such first election, not more than five visitors or trustees shall be elected, at the annual election, who shall hold office for three years after the date of their election; or said visitors or trustees may be elected in the same manner and from the same source as said representatives are trustees may be elected in the same manner and from the same source as said representatives are chosen, and, in such case, shall be divided by said representatives, by lot, into three classes, for the terms aforesaid, and, when the term of any visitor or trustee so elected shall expire, his successor shall be selected from the same source as that from which he was chosen, and shall hold office for three years after the date of his election as aforesaid; all of said visitors or trustees shall hold office, however, until their successors are elected respectively:

successors are elected respectively:

10. And be it enacted, That if, at any time hereafter, any of the aforesaid elections shall not be held at the time or times hereinbefore provided, the same shall

be held thereafter as seen as conveniently may be; such failure, however shall not work any furdeture or dissolution of the corporation, hor shall such election be of mone effect by reason of any delay in holding the same, but it shall be the duty of the president and secretary of such corporation, in case of failure to hold any election at the time above provided, forthwith to give reasonable notice of a time and place for the holding of such election, and, in case they fall to give such notice, or, on failure to comply therewith, any vacancy caused thereby shall be filled as hereinafter provided, and any derelection, on the part of any representative or officer, in the performance of any known duty, in connection with the holding of or failure to boild any election, shall be decired a malfeasance in office, and shall be purished accordingly; and, if any person shall be elected to any office, at any other than the mand time for accordingly; and, if any person shall be elected to any office, at any other than the estal time for such election, such person shall hold office only until the time for the next regular election, and patil his blocksor shall be elected.

11. And be it enacted. That a majority of said board of representatives, or of said board of visitors or trustees as the case may be, shall constitute a quorum at the meetings of said boards respectively.

12. And be it enacted, that no person shall at any one time serve in both sides of said boards of representatives and visitors or trustees, but, if elected to

one time serve in both sides of said boards of representatives and visitors or trustees, but, if elected to both, shall resign one or the other as he may see fit; except that each board may delegate one of its number to sit with the members of the other board.

12. And be it enacted. That said board of visitors or trustees shall once in each year, immediately after the election of the new members thereof, elect, by ballet, a chairman and secretary; and their chairman shall convene them when he may think proper, at least twice in each year, and also whenever so requested by any of said visitors or trustees.

14. And he it enacted, That said board of representatives shall be converted by their president when he may think proper, at least twice in each year, and also whenever he may be requested so to do by a males also whenever he may be requested so to do by a ma-jority of said representatives; and said representa-tives may provide, in their by laws, for regular stated meetings of said representatives and of said visitors 15. And be it enacted. That in case a vacancy shall occur in the office of representative, such vacancy shall forthwith be filled by the company, association, board, or corps by which he was elected, for the remainder of the term for which he was elected, by a special election to be held for that purpose.

16. And be it enacted, That in case of a vacancy in the office of president, vice-president, treasurer, or secretary, or in the office of visitor trustee, such vacancy shall forthwith be filled by the representatives, or by the company, association, board or curps by which he was elected, for the remainder of the term for which he was elected, by a special election to be held for that our risks.

held for that purpose.

17. And be it enacted. That the said secretary and treasurer shall report to the board of representatives at their annual meeting, and shall further report to at their annual meeting and shall further report to the board of representatives, or to the board of visitors or trustees, whenever rescuested by either of them; that the secretary shall upon his election, take an eath of office, for the faithful performance of his duties, which oath shall be administered by the presentent; and that the treasurer shall give a bond to the corporation in such sumfand with such sureties as the representatives may from time to time require.

18. And be it enacted. That to such visitors or trustees shall be referred for their inspection and approval all applications for assistance, and they shall dispose of the relief fund of such corporation, within such limit and according to such rules and regulations as may from time to time be made and established by the board of representatives; and no bill therefore shall be contracted or paid, or assistance given without the approval of at least two of the given without the approval of at least two of the viaitors or trustees, which two visitors or trustees shall issue a warrant to the treasurer for the amount they deem necessary therefor, which warrant shall, before payment, be countersigned by the president; and no person or persons shall be given assistance, if the cause of the indigence, or the reason for the disability, or the nature or cause of the injury or sickness, shall not, in the opinion of a majority of sickness, shall not, in the opinion of a majority of sickness, shall not, in the opinion of a majority of such visitors or trustees, be such as to entitle him, her, or them to such assistance, nor in case, in the opinion of a majority of said visitors or trustees, the person or persons applying therefor may be deemed unworthy of assistance, if upon inquiry, they deem the person or persons applying therefor not to be in any real need thereof.

19. And be it enacted, That the management of the business and affairs and the custody of the property and the disposal of the funds and property of such corporations, except as above provided, shall be entrusted to the board of representatives thereof.

20. And be it enacted, That at any meeting of the board of representatives, they shall have the right to inquire into and control the application of the funds. inquire into and control the application of the fund and property of such corporation, and to suspend any of the visitors or trustees, or officers, if judged by them to be guilty of misconduct or maleasance in office, until a trial thereof can be had.

21. And be it enacted, That if any of said representatives, visitors or trustees, or officers shall be charged with misconduct or malfeasance in office, such charge shall forthwith be investigated by the such charge shall forthwith be investigated by the company, association, board or corps by which he was elected, and in case on a trial thereof, at which may be heard in his own behalf or by council he shall be found guilty, such company, association, board or corps shall declare his office vacant and shall fill such vacancy as above provided.

22. And be it enacted, That no part of the funds of such corporations shall be used for banking purposes or in any manner except as provided for in this act, and except for necessary expenses in carrying

poses or in any manner except as provided for in this act, and except for necessary expenses in carrying out the interests and objects of such corporations.

23. And be it enacted. That the object of corporations under this act shall be to establish, provide for and maintain a fund for the relief, support, or burial of indigent exempt firemen and of their families and of such persons and of the families of such persons as may be injured or killed while doing public fire duty, or may become indigent or be disabled, or may die as the result of their doing such duty or may be prevented by such injury, or by sickness arising from their doing such duty, from attending to their usual occupation or calling. usual occupation or calling.
24. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for 24. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the several duly incorporated firemen's relief asso ciations in this state to take part, by delegates elected as herinafter provided, in the organization and conduct of a state firemen's relief association, provided, that there shall not be more than one such state association, the incorporation of which is hereby authorized, the same to be known as the "New Jersey State Firemen's Association;" and such state association shall have the same rights, powers and privileges as the local firemen's relief associations, except that of sharing in the distribution of any fund for the relief of indigent or disabled firemen, other than that the expense of maintaining such associations shall be borne equally by all of the local firemen's relief associations in this state.

25. And be it enacted, That on or before the second Wednesday in September, in every year, the board of representatives of each duly incorporated local firemen's relief associations in this state may and shall choose out of the whole body of the member ship thereof, three delegates, who, together with the chief engineer, or, if there be no chief engineer, then the senior foreman shall represent said corpor ation at the meetings of the said "Now Jersey State".

then the senior foreman shall represent said corpor ation at the meetings of the said "New Jersey State Firemen's Association." 26. And be it enacted, That each annual meeting a president and secretary and such other officers a a president and secretary and such other officers at the constitution and by-laws adopted by said state association may require, which president, secretary and other officers shall constitute the executive com-mittee of said state association; and the said presi-dent and secretary, after each such election, shall file in the office of the secretary of state a sworn statement of the fact of such election and of the names of the president and secretary and other officers, so chosen and the first certificate so filed officers so chosen; and the first certificate so filed after this act shall take effect shall be deemed and taken to be the certificate of the incorporation of such state association, and shall contain a reference to this act and state the intention to incorporate there under, and shall have thereon an impression of the

common seal of such state association.

27. And be it enacted, That each local firemen's relief association, except such as have been incorporated by any special act of the legislature of this state, shall file a copy of its constitution and by-laws and of its certificate of incorporation with the secretary of the said "New Jersey State Firemen's Association," who shall forthwith submit the same to the executive committee thereof for their inspection and approval, in order to determine which of said local firemen's relief associations have complied with the requirements of this act in relation thereto.

28. And be it enacted, that on or before the first day of April, in every year after the year in which this act shall take effect, each local firemen's relief association, whether incorporated under this act or other wise howsoever, shall cause to be filed with the secretary of state a sworn statement, showing the names of its representatives, visitors or trustees and other officers, with the amount of their respective fees or salaries, if any, also the names of its beneficiaries during or within the year next preceding such statement, the amount of money paid to each of such beneficiaries, also the receipts and expenses, during such year, such expenses to be stated in detail, and the amount of money and other property in its possession at the date of making such statement, and how said money is invested or secured, or where it is deposited, a duplicate of which statement, also sworn to, shall at the same time be filed with the secretary of the said "New Jersey State Firemen's Association; an examination of which statements shall forthwith be made, by the executive committee of said state association, to determine which of said local firemen's relief associations have compiled with the requirements of this act in relation thereto.

29. And be it enacted. That the secretary of side state association, on or before the first day of June, in every year after the year in which this act shall take effect, shall file i common seal of such state association.

27. And be it enacted, That each local firemen's

dent said state association, setting forth the name and address of the treasurer of each of such local fireand address of the treasurer of each of such local irre-men's relief associations as have complied with the several requirements of this act; and no firemen's relief association, incorporated by any special act of the legislature of this state, nor any of the officers thereof, shall share in the distribution of, nor be en-titled to have or receive any part of any fund for the relief of indigent or disabled firemen unless it and they shall have compiled with the requirements of this act in regard to the annual statements aforesaid, and shall be so certified to the secretary of state: and shall be so certified to the secretary of state; and no other firemen's relief association, nor any of its officers, shall share in such distribution, nor be

its efficers, shall share in such distribution, nor be entitled to have or receive any part of any such fund, unless it and they shall have compiled with the several requirements of this act, and shall be so certified as aforesaid to the secretary of state.

30. And be it enacted, That any local firemen's relief association, incorporated or reincorporated under this act, may be dissolved at any meeting thereof, by a vote, written or printed ballot, of two-thirds of the members present and voting in favor thereof; provided, that notice of such meeting, and of the purpose thereof, signed by at least ten of the members, have been mailed to each person entitled to vote thereat, at least twenty days previous thereto, and shall have been published for three weeks successively, once in each week, in a newsweeks successively, once in each week, in a newspaper circulating in the neighborhood where the said association may be located, notice of which dissolution shall forthwith be filed with the secretary of state and with the secretary of said state associ

31. And be it enacted, That the legislature may at any time alter, modify, or repeal this act, and may also alter, suspend or repeal the charter of any fire-men's relief association incorporated or reincorpor-ated under and by virtue of the provisions of this act.

22. And be it enacted, That nothing in this act contained shall be deemed or held to repeal the charter of any incorporated association or to dissolve any voluntary association heretofore organized by the exempt firemen of any city in this state, or by the volunteer firemen therein previous to or at or about the time of the organization therein of a paid for department, or to prevent the incorporation of fire department, or to prevent the incorporation of any such associations, nor shall this act apply to or in any manner affect any funds which may have been or may hereafter be accumulated by any such associations.

33. And be it enacted. That all acts and parts of 33. And be it enacted. That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act, (excepting such special charters as have been granted by the legislature of this state), and especially the act entitled "An act to incorporate fire departments," approved March eighth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, be and the same are hereby repealed, and that this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved March 25, 1885. CHAPTER CXX.

An Act concerning the recovery of possession of land sold for taxes. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That if in any action at law instituted to recover possession of real estate sold for taxes under any law by which title vests in the purchaser thereof in fee, if not redeemed within the time therein specified, more than five years previous to the commencement of such action, judgment shall be obtained by the person seeking the recovery shall be obtained by the person sceaming the recovering of such estate, such person or persons so recovering shall be enjoined by the chancellor on bill in equity from taking possession of the lands in question or any part thereof until such person shall first pay to the party or parties in possession of such real estate the cost of all permanent improvements made thereto by the person or persons in possession under such by the person or persons in possession under such tax title, his or their grantors.

2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect

Passed March 25, 1885.

an Art to amend an act employ "At act respecting previances, (Review of approved harch Iwenty Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assem of the State of New Jersey. That section for to one in not entitled "An not respecting conversaries."

thousand eight hundred and seventy four by and the same is hereby amended to road as follows. [4]. That the governor of this state be and he hereby is authorized to appoint and commission such number of commissioners in each of the states and terriburies of the United States and in the District of Columbia as he may deem expedient and where such any distinct shall not be incompatible with the laws of such state, territory or district where such confimisioner shall reade; which commissioners shall be called and denominated "foreign commissioners of deeds for New Jersey," and each of them shall have authority to take the acknowledgment or proof of an deed or conveyance, mortgage, defeasible deed, or other conveyance in nature of a measurage, of any lands. It mements or be redifficultated by the doct oring in this state, crany other nature at order of white under hand and need require the factors of white and to enange the r norms at of wroth under and seal require. By the laws of this that to be a ledged or provide and such acknowledgment of to be taken or made in the manner directed have of this state and critified by the commis-rate fore whom the same shall be made, as by wroquired, shall have the same force and effect of as good and available in law, for all purposes, uch acknowledgment or proof had been made a state before one of the justices of the supreme of this state.] 2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect

pproved April 1 1885 CHAPTER CXXL A Supplement to an act entitled "An act providing for additional powers and certain changes in the government of certain localities governed by com-missioners," and passed April seventh, eighteen bundred and eighty-four. bundred and eighty-four.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the state of New Jersey, That section one of "An act providing for additional powers and certain changes in the government of certain localities governed by commissioners," and passed April seventeenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows;

[1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That in all municipalities in this state, governed by a board of commissioners, whether the same be chosen by the people or appointed by the supreme court, or however they may be selected, or elective members of such boards shall be legal voters of such locality.]

2. And be it enacted, That the second section shall be and is hereby amended to read as follows:

[2. And be it enacted, That there shall be elected by the legal voters in such place at each annual clee-[2. And be it enacted, That there shall be elected by the legal voters in such place at each annual election for members of such boards of commissioners, which election shall be held on the third Tuesday in January in each year, at which time also shall be appointed such members as are appointed by the supreme court, or however such members may be selected, one collector of taxes, one board of assessors, to consist of not more than three members, who shall hold office for the term of one year; the said collector of taxes shall enter in suitable books, to be kept for that purpose, the sums received by him for taxes respectively with the names of persons on whose account the same shall be paid each day.]

and ay. 1

And be it enacted, That eleventh section shall and is hereby amended to read as follows:

11. And be it enacted, That the commissioners all have power to raise by tax such sum or sums of money as it may deem necessary and expedient for carrying on the government of such place; provided, that the rate of taxation in any one year shall not exceed the proportion of three dollars on one thousand dollars of the valuation of the real and personal property in such place; to borrow money and nego-late temporary loans in anticipation of taxes for any current year not exceeding in amount ten thouany current year not exceeding in amount ten thousand dollars, such temporary loans to be paid within the current year within which such loans are made.]

And be it enacted, That the thirteenth section shall be and is hereby amended to read as follows;
[13. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the board of commissioners, whenever in their opinion the public good requires it, by ordinance to lay out and open any street, road, highway or alley within said district; to order and cause any street, road, highway or alley already laid out to be vacated, straightered, altered or widened, and to take and appropriate for such purpose any lands and real estate upon making compensation to the owner or owners thereof, such compensation and the expenses arising from such improvements to be assessed upon the property lying within the corporate boundaries of such commission, and to be assessed and apon the property lying within the corporate boundries of such commission, and to be assessed and
collected as are other taxes assessed and collected.]

And be it enacted, That the sixteenth section be
and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

[16. And be it enacted, That all acts, and parts
acts, general, special, local or otherwise, inconsistbut with the provisions of this act and the supplements and amendments thereto be, and the same
are hereby repealed.] ments and amendments thereto be, and the supplements and amendments thereto be, and the same are hereby repealed.]

And be it enacted, That the seventeenth section shall be and is hereby amended to read as follows:

If. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately, but its provisions shall remain inoperative, until assented to by a majority of the legal voters of such locality, voting at any regular municipal election of such place, or special election held for such purpose as directed by the commissioners or other governing body of such locality, of which election the clerk of such commission shall give notice of the time and place of its being held in the same way and manner as is provided for advertising the municipal elections of such locality, at which election there shall be printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, upon ballots, "For this at and the amendments," and printed or written or partly printed and partly written, upon ballots, against this sot and the amendments," and election officers of said election shall return to the commissioners or other governing body of such locality, a true and correct statement in writing, under their hands, of the results of said election in reference to the "Act and its amendments," the same to be entered at large upon the minutes of said commissioners, and if it be found that a majority of the ballots cast have upon them "For the act and the amendments," then this act and this supplement shall be lawful and of full effect, but if a majority of ballots cast have upon them "For the act and amendments," then said not shall remain in force as before it was amended.]

Passed March 25, 1885.

CHAPTER CXXIII.

CHAPTER CXXIII. pplement to an act entitled "An act to authorize he formation of railroad corporations and to reguate the same," approved April second, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assem-of the State of New Jersey, That any corporaor the state of New Jersey, that any corpora-torganized during the year one thousand eight dred and eighty three may change the location viously adopted, including a change of one of the mini named in its articles of association by action is board of directors, and upon filing a certificate aid action, under the seal of the said corporation, he office of the secretary of state, accompanied a plan showing the substituted terminus and e; any previous route adopted shall be deemed a abandoned, and the route described in said acand plan so filed shall thereupon and thereafter stirrte the route of the railroad of said corporations the termini as therein fixed; and the between the termini as therein fixed; and the corporation shall be vested with all the powers o such substituted line as it was vested with in

to such substituted line as it was vested with in gard to its original route.

And be it enacted, That any such corporation king the action provided in the first section of this t shall also have the right, at the time and as part said action, to either increase or decrease its capil stock in the due proportion to which its route ay be lengthened or shortened as the result of such tion; and if, by said action, the length of its railad shall be increased, it shall be required to deposit the the treasurer of the state two thousand dollars reach additional mile of increase; but if the length its railroad shall be decreased, it shall at once each additional mile of increase; but if the length its railroad shall be decreased, it shall at once we the right to demand and receive from the treas-er of the state, out of the moneys previously depos-d by it, a sum equivalent to two thousand dollars each mile of such decrease; the moneys deposited it and remaining in the treasury of the state shall paid back to said corporation from time to time each mile of the railroad as constructed.

And be it enacted, That any corporation availing self of the provisions of this act shall have the time ithin which the construction of its railroad must be ommenced extended to six months from the passage this act, and the time within which it must be ompleted to two years from the expiration of said

if months.

4. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect Approved March 25, 1885. CHAPTER CXXIV. A Supplement to an act entitled "An act concerning idiots and lunatics," (Revision) approved March twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assem-y of the State of New Jersey, That in all cases of locy and lunacy of persons who have been or may e in the military, naval, or marine service of the Inited States, their widows, children, mothers and rs, said idiocy or lunacy may be summarily heard i determined without costs except witness and y fees, by the prerogative court or the orphans' it of the county in which such persons resides, is aid court is hereby authorized on further applicant for that purpose to appoint a guardian, also withcosts for the person and estate of said person; productive design and said person; productive design and estate of said persons and es ded said guardianship shall extend only to so much said estate as may come or be derived from pen-on, bounty or other allowance due or to become due

2. And be it enacted, That in hearing and determining such cases of idiocy and lunacy, said court shall call at least two respectable physicians and other credible witnesses, and fully investigate the facts of the case including said estate, and either with or without the verdict of a jury at its discretion shall decide said case and fix the amount of bond of such guardian; provided, that when such person is a lready an inmate of any lunatic asylum under and by virtue of the twentieth and twenty-first sections of the act entitled "An act to provide for the organization of the state lunatic asylum and for the care and maintenance of the insane," approved February and maintenance of the insane," approved February twenty-three, one thousand eight hundred and forty. even, said court may on due proof thereof, appoint and be it enacted, That this act shall take effect

Approved March 25, 1895 CHAPTER CXXV An Act concerning the taxation of railroad and canal property.

1. Be it emacted by the Senate and General Assem by of the state of New Jersey, That in call cases in hich an appeal to a justice of the supreme court is ow pending or shall hereafter be brought under or pursuant to any statute of this state for the review of any assessment of taxes made by a board of railroad commissioners, or in which a writ of certiforarian ow pending or shall hereafter be prosecuted in the supreme court of this state for the review of any assessment of taxes made by a state board of assessors, it shall be the duty of such justice or of such court as the case may be, by whomsoever such appeal or writ has been or may be taken or prosecuted to reduce or increase such assessment as may bejust, or to refer the same back to such board of railroad commissioners or state board of assessors as the case may be, who shall corrector re-assess the said assessment in accordance with the instructions of such justice, or of such court as the case may be.

2. And be it enacted, That upon the motion of the attorney-general, to be made in his discretion before the supreme court in what is known as the main court, the said supreme court shall appoint a special term, or terms if need be, for the hearing and determination before said court in banc of causes pending upon writs of certiforar now or hereafter prosecuted in said court under and pursuant to the act entitled "An act for the taxation of railroad and canal property," approved April tenth, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-four, shall be deemed and taken to have been since the appointment of such person, and now to be the board of railroad commissioners of railroad taxation," approved April seventeenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, shall be deemed and taken to have been since the appointment of such person, and now to be the board of railroad commissioners, and the said board are hereby declared and constituted to be the board of railroad commissioners, and the said board are hereby emp An Act concerning the taxation of railroad and canal

of office of the members of said board shall continue until all such duties shall have been fully performed. 4. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect mmediately, and that all acts and parts of acts monsistent with the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved March 25, 1885. Approved March 25, 1885.

CHAPTER CXXVIL An Act relative to interest on arrears of taxes and

L Be it enseted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey. That at any time within one year after the passage of this act, any person or persons may pay to the collector of laxes, or other person authorized to receive the same, in any town or township in this state, the amount of any tax or assessment due upon any real or personal property belonging to such person or persons laid or imposed prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty, four, and now remaining ungaid, together with interest thereon at seven per cent, per annum, to be calculated from the time interest is properly chargeable thereon to the time of such payment, together with the actual expenses theretofore incurred by any such town or township for the enforcement and payment of said taxes or assessments, and the collector of taxes, or other person authorized to receive the same, shall make and deliver to the person or persons making such payment a receipt therefore, and shall furthwith cancel the record of such tax or assessment, upon such payment, such such tax or assessment, upon such payment, such tax or assessment shall cease to be a lien upon the real tax or assessment shall cease to be a lien upon the real estate or property, and shall be deemed and taken to be fully paid, satisfied and discharged, and there shall be no right to any further interest or penalty by reason of such tax or assessment not having been paid within the time heretofore required by law, or by reason of any statue passed requiring the payment heretofore of any penalty or interest over seven percentum upon any unpaid tax or assessment; provided, however, that nothing in this act contained shall authorize the receipt under the provisions of this act of any such taxes or assessments in cases where lands and real estate have been sold for taxes or assessments, and bought in by any other person than the ments, and bought in by any other person than the town or township in which said taxes and assess-ments are laid, or some officer, for the use of such

ments are laid, or some officer, for the use of such town or township, or where the certificate of sale to the town or township, or its representatives, shall have been assigned or sold to any other person, nor shall any lien upon real estate for such taxes or assessments be released or affected, nor shall any sale of any real estate for taxes or assessments, or the delivery of any certificate or declaration of sale or deed therefore be stayed by anything in this act contained, nor shall anything in this act apply in any township wherein the lands were sold for taxes under any law vesting the title in fee simple.

2. And be it emacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act, he and the same are hereby repealed, and that this act shall take effect immediately. Approved March 25, 1885.

CHAPTER CXXVIII. An Act respecting police departments of cities, and regulating the tenure and terms of office of officers and men employed in said departments. and men employed in said departments.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey. That in the several cities of the state, the officers and men employed by municipal authority in the police department of any city, shall severally hold their respective offices and continue in their respective employment as such municipal officers and employes during good behavior, efficiency and residence in such city, except where, by statute, the term of office of any such officer and employe is determined and fixed, and does not depend upon the pieasure of any municipal officer, offipend upon the pleasure of any municipal officer, offi-cers or board authorized to make appointment or

cers or board authorized to make appointment or employment in said departments; and no person shall be removed from office or employment in the police department of any city or from the police force of any city, for political reasons or for any other cause than incapacity, misconduct, non-residence or disobedience of just rules and regulations established, or which may be established, for the police force or police department of such city; provided, that any member of the police force of any city who shall be absent from duty, without just cause for the term of five days, shall, at the experience force.

2. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the better government and discipline of the police departments in the cities of this state, for the municipal authority or authorities in any city, whose duty it is or may become, to provide for, regulate or manage a police department in such city, from time to time to prescribe and establish just rules and regulatime to prescribe and establish just rules and regula-tions respecting such.

3. And be it enacted, That each member and officer of the police force shall be a citizen of the United States and a resident citizen for two years of the city in which he is appointed, able to read and write the English language understandingly; he must be of good moral character, of good health and sound body.

4. And be it enacted, That no person shall be ap-pointed an officer or member of the police force in any city who has ever been convicted of a crime who less than twenty-one years or over forty-five year of age at the time of his appointment.

5. And be it enacted, That no person, whether off of age at the time of his appointment.

5. And be it enacted, That no person, whether officer or employe, in the police department of any city, shall be removed from office or employment therein, except for just cause, as provided in the first section of this act, then only after written charge or charges of the cause or causes of complaint shall have been preferred against any such officer or employe signed by the person or persons making such charge or charges, and filed in the office of the municipal officer, officers or board having charge of the department in which the complaint arises, and after the said charge of charges have been publicly examined into by the appropriate municipal board, officer or authority, upon such reasonable notice to the person charged, and in such manner of examination as the rules and regulations governing the same may prescribe, it being the intent of this act to give every person against whom charges for any cause may be preferred under this act, a fair trial upon said charges, and every reasonable opportunity to, make his defence, if he has or chooses to make, and the officer, board or body having power to try such charges shall have power to issue writs of subpecha to compel the attendance of witnesses, which, writs shall be served in the same manner as subpochas issued out of the court for the trial of small causes, and every person who neglects. manner as subpoenas issued out of the court for the trial of small causes, and every person who neglects or refuses to obey the command of such weit shall be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars, to be sued

liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars, to be sued for in the corporate name of the city, in any court of competent jurisdiction, and the penalty when collected, shall be paid into the poor fund of such city.

6. And be it enacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed, and that this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved March 25, 1885. CHAPTER CXXIX. A Supplement to an an act entitled "An act to authorize the incorporation of rural cemetery associations and to regulate cemeteries" (Revision) approved April ninth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assem bly of the State of New Jersey. That every dead human body interred in any burying ground or ceme-tery within the limits of the state of New Jersey shall

be buried so that the top of the outside coffin shall be at least four feet below the natural surface of the ground and shall be immediately covered with at least four feet of earth, soil or sand: excepting only the bodies of infants, in boxes not more than four feet in length, which shall be so interred that the top of the outside box enclosing them shall be at least three feet and six inches below the natural surface of the ground, and they shall be immediately covered with at least three feet and six inches of earth, soil or sand; provided, that this shall not apply where bodies are placed or buried in properly constructed private vaults, so as to prevent the escape of noxious or unhealthy gases therefrom.

2. And be it enacted, That no dead human body shall be disinterred or removed from any grave, tomb or burial place within the limits of this state between the first day of May and the first day of November, except by direction of a competent court of this state the first day of May and the first day of November, except by direction of a competent court of this state for the purpose of criminal investigation.

3. And be it enacted, That no dead human body of any person who has died of small-pox or other contagious disease shall be disinterred or removed from any grave, tomb, vault or place of burial within the limits of this state at any time unless the said body was interred in a metallic case hermetically sealed, and then only by the order of and under the direction of the board of health within whose jurisdiction such body was buried.

4. And be it enacted, That no dead human body shall be permitted to remain longer than forty-eight hours in any receiving vault in this state, the depth of which is less than five feet below the natural surface of the ground, between the first day of May and the first day of November; provided, this shall not apply to properly constructed receiving vaults which prevent the escape of noxious and unhealthy gases.

healthy gases.

5. And be it enacted, That the municipal authorities or board of health of any city, town, township or borough in this state, or their properly authorized agent or agents, shall have the power and authority at all times to enter into and upon any cemetery or burying ground within the limits of said municipality and examine into the condition of the same, and asceptain whether the laws regulating it are duly obcertain whether the laws regulating it are duly o 6. And be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful to locate any new cemetery or burying ground, or to enlarge any cemetery or burying ground in this state without the consent and approval of the municipal authorities and board of the city, township, town or borough in which it is proposed to locate or enlarge said cemetery or burying ground upon application in writing for that purpose made; and in case of the refusal of the municipal authorities and local board of health to grant the same, then the person or persons making application, as aforesaid, may apply to the state board of health which shall have power to reverse the decision of the local authorities and grant the application; and in case the local authorities grant the permit to locate or enlarge any cemetery or burial ground and the same shall be deemed objectionable by the inhabitants of the city, town, township or borough where it is proposed to locate, then ten citizen free-6. And be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful to the inhabitants of the city, town, township or borough where it is proposed to locate, then ten citizen free-holders thereof may apply to the state board of health which shall have power to reverse the decision of the local authorities and prohibit said location or enlargement; and herein specially provided, that all persons making application, as aforesaid, for the location or enlargement of any cemetery shall accompany the same with a descriptive map of the premises they propose to occupy, a copy of which shall be also filed in the office of state board of health; and provided further, that nothing in this section contained shall apply to lands already purchased by any duly organized cemetery company for burial purposes.

purposes.
7. And be it enacted, That any person violating any of the foregoing provisions of this act, and any person in charge of, or exercising control over any cemetery or burial ground in this state, who shall knowingly permit or suffer such violation to be done, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punishable by a fine of not exceeding three hundred dollars, or imprisonment for six months, or both, in the discretion of the court.
8. And be it enacted, That whenever any cemetery or burial ground or part thereof, by reason of its location or the too great number of bodies interred therein, or for any other cause, is dangerous to the public health, and it is unadvisable that any further interments be made therein, any municipal authority

therein, or for any other cause, is dangerous to the public health, and it is unadvisable that any further interments be made therein, any municipal authority within whose limits any such cemetery or burial ground is situated, or any state or local board of health, may file a bill in the court of chancery either in the na me of the state on the relation of said complainant r otherwise, asking relief in the premises, and the p coedure shall be according to the rules and practice of said court; and if it shall thereupon be determined by said court that any cemetery, burial ground, or any part thereof, for any of the reasons aforesaid is dangerous to public health or that further interments therein would be unadvisable, then said court shall have the power and authority by injunction or otherwise, according to the practice of said court, to grant such relief as to said court shall deem proper and necessary for the protection of the public health.

9. And be it enacted, That in case said court shall determine that the complainant or complainants are not entitled to any relief in any proceeding that may be taken under section eight of this act, costs shall not be awarded as of course against said complaint, but only in case it shall appear to the chancellor that no probable cause existed for bringing such suit.

10. And be it enacted, That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith, be and the same are hereby repealed, and that this act shall be deemed a public act and take effect immediately.

Approved March 25, 1885.

CHAPTER CXXXV. CHAPTER CXXXV. An Act in relation to certain past due assessments

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the state of New Jersey, That whenever any sewer or continuation of a sewer has been constructed through or in adjoining cities of this state, and an assessment for such improvement has been heretofore made, the board of finance and taxation or other fore made, the board of finance and taxation or other board having control of the finances of any city, or officer which is charged with the duty of collecting such assessments, may make such adjustment and settlement of all interest and penalties of such assessment as such board, subject to the approval of the mayor of such city, may or shall deem proper.

2. And be it enacted, That upon payment to the officer charged with the collection of such assessment in conformity with any such adjustment, or settlement he shall make and deliver to the person or persons making such payment a receipt therefor, and shall forthwith cancel the record of such assessment upon such payment such assessment shall cease to be a lien upon the real estate whereon the same was be a lien upon the real estate whereon the same was assessed and shall be taken to be fully paid, satisfied assessed and shall be taken to be fully paid, satisfied and discharged; provided, that the provisions of this act shall not in any wise affect or impair the interest or lien of any purchaser other than such city or cities acquired under any sale for past due assessments.

S. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect

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